Mental Health: The smallest things can sometimes make the biggest difference



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Objectives

- Look at Hertfordshire and National data on mental health and wellbeing
- Understand what works in schools to prevent mental ill health and promote emotional wellbeing
- Understand some of the key differences in strategies to promote mental health in boys and girls



The Mental Health Continuum: A way to explain mental health

Optimal mental well-being

Example: a person who experiences a high level of mental well-being despite being diagnosed with a mental illness

Example: a person who has a high level of mental well-being and who has no mental illness

Maximum mental illness

Minimum mental illness

Example: a person experiencing mental illness who has a low level of mental well-being

Example: a person who has no diagnosable mental illness who has a low level of mental well-being

Minimal mental well-being



National Data

- 1 in 10 children and young people (aged 5 -16) have a diagnosable mental illness
- 1 in 4 adults have a diagnosable mental illness
- 50% of mental health problems are established by age 14 and 75% by age 24
- Boys are three times more likely to take their own lives through suicide
- Mixed <u>anxiety</u> & <u>depression</u> is the most common mental disorder in Britain, with 7.8% of people meeting criteria for diagnosis.
- 100% of children, young people and adults have mental health!



Some Hertfordshire Data

- Hertfordshire has higher rates of suicides in males in the 20-29 year age band than the older age band of 35-50, which is the age group with the highest suicides rates in males in England. In Herts, children and young people are therefore a key priority group.
- 43% of young people have high self esteem, which is the same as the England average
- 66% of young people are happy or quite happy with their life as a whole (65% England average)



What do young people in Herts worry about?

Boys:

- Exams
- Physical Health
 - School work

WORRIES

- In the past month, 10% of pupils said they had been away from school because of worries about school.
- 23% of boys and 32% of girls said that they worried 'quite a lot' or 'a lot' about their family.
- 28% said if they were worried about family problems, they would keep their worries to themselves.
- ☐ The main worries for Year 8 pupils:

	Boys		Girls
Exams and tests	44%	Exams and tests	57%
Physical health	31%	The way you look	48%
Death	29%	Problems with friends	40%
War & terrorism	28%	Death	37%
School-work	25%	Physical health	37%

The main worries for Year 10 pupils:

	Boys		Girls
Exams and tests	49%	Exams and tests	72%
School work	32%	The way you look	58%
Physical health	30%	School work	57%
The way you look	25%	Emotional and mental health	43%
Emotional and mental health	23%	Physical health	41%

Girls:

- Exams
- The way you look
 - School work



Coping Strategies in Herts

- Boys most commonly use physical activity and sports, and technology and video games as a coping strategy.
- Girls most commonly use music or chatting to friends.
- Boys are more likely to identify solitary coping strategies
- A significant number of young people can not identify any coping strategies – this puts a young person at serious risk



Five things that promote mental health





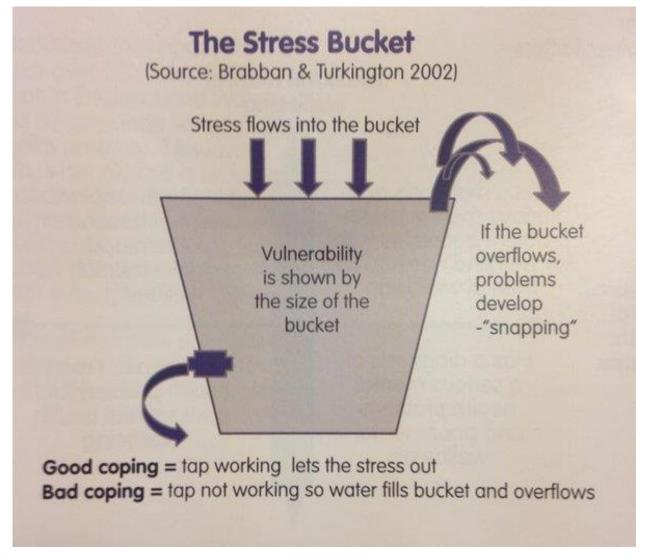








A tool for discussion





Some useful resources

- Pastoral Leads Networks & Mental Health Leads
- Whole School Approach to Mental Health Checklist – and introducing a Kite Mark
- Anxiety Toolkit Includes guide, practical resources, parent tips, lesson plan, presentation for parents, info about support for parent & staff wellbeing, a leaflet and card for young people
- Training for school staff e.g. Mental Health First Aid Youth, Spot the Signs, My Teen Brain, etc.
- Just Talk lesson plans, role models, information, speakers, & guidebook in the making



Just Talk – A focus on boys and men



- Boys and men are less likely to seek support when struggling
- Current mental health messages don't resonate as well with boys as they do with girls
- Boys and men tend to only access support when at crisis point
- We've launched #JustTalk in Herts. During the launch week the campaign reached over 4.5 million people on Twitter and 41,812 people on Facebook - more than half were boys and men



Just Talk – Key messages



- Talking shows strength
- We all have mental health
- It's OK to not be OK
- You're less likely to become ill if you seek help early
- There is support available and it can really help

We have (and will continue to create) a range of online films, featuring Watford FC players, comedians, young people, etc. highlighting the importance of talking -

https://healthyyoungmindsinherts.org.uk/justtalk



Encouraging young people to seek support

- Build faith in the value of seeking support that it can and will help
- Emphasise that seeking help early can prevent things from getting worse
- Ensure confidentiality and that young people can feel confident of this
- Challenge people's fear of judgment
- Normalise mental health
- Build on the role of parents and friends
- Receive help from someone you know/trust
- More education, and learning from others
- Service improvements



Support is available

- Make students aware of the support available to them in your school
- School Nursing Service including Chat Health 07480635050 and <u>www.healthforteens.co.uk</u>
- www.healthyyoungmindsinherts.org.uk
- www.Kooth.com Offers free, confidential online counselling support for children and young people in Hertfordshire aged 10-25
- The Mix: UK charity providing free, confidential support for young people under 25 via online, social and mobile http://www.themix.org.uk
- https://hubofhope.co.uk A directory of support services in all areas for all ages

Thank you

Questions or comments?

Please feel free to contact me

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